

Learning To Spell Through Copywork
Book A

scope & sequence

- Week 1: When a word has just one vowel, that vowel usually says its short sound.
- Week 2: When there are two vowels in a word, and the second one is an “e” at the end of the word, the first vowel says its name, and the “e” at the end of the word is silent.
- Week 3: Just like when there is a silent “e” on the end of a word, any time there are two vowels in a word, usually, the first vowel says its name (the letter “i” says “i”), and the second vowel is silent.
- Week 4: When there are two consonants together at the end of a word, the vowel before them usually says its short sound.
- Week 5: “ck” sounds like “k”
- Week 6: When there are double consonants in a word, the sound for that consonant is only made one time. The vowel before them usually makes its short sound.
- Week 7: When there is just one vowel at the end of a short word, that vowel usually says its long sound.
- Week 8: “Th” can sound like it does in the word “thin”.
- Week 9: “Th” can sound like it does in the word “this”.
- Week 10: “Ch” can sound like it does in the word “chin”.
- Week 11: “Sh” can sound like it does in the word “ship”.
- Week 12: Sometimes, the letter “c” sounds like “s”. This is usually when it comes before the letter “e”, “i”, or “y”.
- Week 13: Sometimes, the letter “a” sounds like “o”, like in the word “wash”.
- Week 14: When the letters “ai” come together in a word, they usually make a long “a” sound.
- Week 15: The letters “ay” also make the long “a” sound.
- Week 16: When “ea” come together, they make the long “e” sound. See week 3’s lesson.
- Week 17: When “oi” come together in a word, they make a sound like in “boil”.
- Week 18: When “oy” comes together in a word, it makes the same sound as “oi”.
- Week 19: “oo” can sound like a long “u”.
- Week 20: “oo” can also sound like it does in the word “foot”.
- Week 21: When “ou” comes together in a word, it usually sounds like it does in “ouch”.
- Week 22: When “ow” comes together in a word, it sometimes sounds like it does in “fowl”.
- Week 23: “Ow” can also sound like it does in the word “grow”.
- Week 24: When “aw” comes together in a word, it usually sounds like it does in “jaw”.
- Week 25: When “oa” comes together in a word, it usually sounds like a long “o”.
- Week 26: When the letters “ie” come together in a word, the “i” usually comes before the “e”. Sometimes, these letters will sound like a short “e”; sometimes they sound like a long “e”.
- Week 27: When “gh” come together in a word, they are usually silent.
- Week 28: A new rule about the letters “ei”: “i” before “E,” except after “C”, or when sounded like “A” as in “neighbor” and “weigh”.
- Week 29: When “y” is used as a vowel, it usually makes the long “i” sound.
- Week 30: When “le” come together at the end of a word, we just make the “l” sound.